

| Vegetable | Storage Prep | Location | Shelf Life | Cooking Tip | Health Benefits |
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| Basil | Cut off stem tips and place bunch in a jar of water like a flower bouquet | Counter top (temps below 45 degrees will cause wilting) | 1 wk | Eat raw on a sandwich/salad or put the whole bunch in a pesto. If you make too much pesto, put remaining pesto in ice cube trays in the freezer for later use. Also a key ingredient to our favorite summer meal - TOMATO PIE! | High in vitamins A and C |
| Beans | Unwashed in a breathable bag | Refrigerator shelf | 1 wk | Give raw a go and snack on beans and hummus! Also great to saute with garlic, butter, and a splash of soy sauce served on a grain bowl. | Good source of vitamin C, folic acid, iron, and potassium |
| Beets | If bunched, cut greens off right when you get home (leaving ½" connected to the root) and store greens/roots separately in breathable bags | Refrigerator drawer | Greens last 2 days, roots 2 weeks | Don't throw away the greens - try sauteeing them with garlic and butter! The roots are delicious any way you prep them - thinly sliced and eaten raw, steamed, or roasted with olive oil, salt, and pepper. | Beet greens are high in vitamins A and C, as well as a good source of iron and potassium. The roots are a great source of fiber, folate and vitamin C. Beets also contain nitrates and pigments that may help lower blood pressure and improve athletic performance. |
| Broccoli | Remove leafs from head and wrap the head in damp paper towels before placing in the fridge, dump in ice if looking wilty | Refrigerator drawer | 1-2 wks | Cook with the stalks! Give them a little extra time over heat when you cook up the rest of the head and mix up the texture in your favorite dish. | High in vitamins A, C, K, and folate |
| Cabbage | Unwashed | Refrigerator drawer | 2-4 wks | Make cabbage "steaks" by slicing into ½" patties and roast in the oven with olive oil, salt, pepper, and a touch of parmesan. | Excellent source of vitamins C and K, potassium, folate, and fiber |
| Carrots | Cut greens off (leaving ½" connected to the root) and store greens/roots separately in breathable bags | Refrigerator drawer | 1 month | Thai carrot soup is a great way to use up all your carrots and keep in the freezer for a quick meal. | Great source of beta-carotene, fiber, vitamin K, potassium and antioxidants |
| Cucumbers | Unwashed in a breathable bag | Refrigerator drawer | 1 wk | Leave the skin on and eat raw in a salad or with a dip | Great source of vitamin K |
| Eggplant (fairytale & globe) | Unwashed | Cool, dark place (cabinet) | 1 wk | Draw out the bitterness in your eggplant by salting before you bake/grill/saute. Try making a crowd-pleasing babaganoush to serve on pita in a wrap or as a side dip. | Low in calories, high in fiber |
| Garlic | Unpeeled | Cool, dark place (cabinet) | 3 months | If garlic has sprouted a green shoot, cut this off before chopping. For elephant garlic, wrap in tinfoil and roast the whole glove to schmear on bread. | Source of vitamin B6, manganese, selenium, vitamin c, iron, potassium, and copper, as well as allyl sulfides, which are anti-inflammatory, cancer-fighting compounds |
| Kohlrabi | Remove leaf from head and wrap the head in damp paper towels before placing in the fridge, dump in ice if looking wilty | Refrigerator shelf | 2 wks | Shave thinly and serve with a dip or in a coleslaw. Equally yummy as fries if you roast with olive oil, salt, and pepper at 400 degrees for 20-25 minutes. | Good source of vitamin C, low in calories and sodium |
| Leafy Greens (kale, collards, asian greens) | Place in plastic bag. To spruce up greens that have gone limp, immerse in ice water for 30 mins. | Refrigerator drawer | 1 - 2 wks | You retain more nutrients by eating the greens raw but, of course, they are also delicious sauteed with garlic & butter. Try substituting a tortilla with collard greens for plant-based wrap or burrito. And if you've never made kale chips, now's the time! | The more bitter the taste (i.e., kale, arugula, mustard greens) the more nutrient dense the food. High in vitamins A, C, and folate |
| Lettuce | Wash, dry and place in plastic bag | Refrigerator drawer | Buttercrunch lasts 4 days, all other lettuce (romaine, red) last 1-2 weeks | Make a delicious seasonal salad - top with roasted vegetables, toasted nuts, a sprinkle of your favorite hard cheese, raw scallions, and craisins drizzled with tahini or sesame-based dressing. | High in vitamins A, C, K, and folate |
| Melons | Loose. Once cut, store in a sealed container. | Refrigerator shelf | 3 wks uncut | Makes a great addition to a smoothie or homemade popsicle! | Source of vitamin A, fiber and potassium |
| Okra | Unwashed in a paper bag | Refrigerator shelf | 1 wk | Cut into bite-sized disks or if small leave uncut and roast with olive oil, salt and pepper at 400 degrees for 20-25 minutes | Provides vitamin C and the B vitamins, magnesium, lutein, and potassium |



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| Onions | Loose | Cool, dark place (cabinet) - separate from potatoes | 2 months | | |
| Peppers | Unwashed in a paper bag | Refrigerator shelf | 2-3 wks | If you're overwhelmed by the quantity of peppers, freezing them is easy. Wash and cut the peppers, place in freezer bag - no blanching required! | Lots of beta-carotene; vitamins B6, C, and A; and potassium |
| Potatoes | Unwashed | Cool, dark place - separate from onions | 3-5 wks in a cabinet or 3-4 months in the fridge | Bake, boil, steam, saute, fry, mash - do I need to say more? | With skins, are a good source of protein, iron, vitamin C, and potassium |
| Radishes | Cut greens off (leaving ½" connected to the root) and store greens/roots separately in breathable bags | Refrigerator drawer | Roots will last several weeks but the greens should be used within 2- 3 days | Slice thinnly and eat raw on a salad, try making radish butter like the french, or option to roast them with other root vegetables. | Rich in various nutrients which include potassium, calcium, sodium, and vitamin C |
| Scallions | Wash, dry and place in plastic bag | Refrigerator drawer | 1 wk | Slice and serve raw on top as a garnish for salads, soups, and buddha bowls or try scallion pancakes! | Low in calories but high in vitamins C, K, and A. |
| Summer Squash | Loose or in a plastic bag | Refrigerator drawer | 1 wk | Roast with olive oil, salt & pepper as a chip, serve with a cool dip. OR saute these bad boys and throw them in an omelette, frittata, pasta sauce, pizza, lasagna, panini etc. | High in vitamin C, fiber, potassium, and magnesium. Both dark green and yellow squashes are excellent sources of lutein. |
| Sweet Corn | Keep corn with husks on | Refrigerator shelf | 2-5 days | The sooner you can eat your corn, the sweeter it will be! If you can't eat your corn within a few days, blanch the cobs for 6 minutes and freeze for later use. Did you know that you can use the cobs for veggie stock?! | Good source of plant protein |
| Sweet Potatoes | Unwashed - too much moisture can lead to rot | Cool, dark place (cabinet) | 1 year! | Slice and roast in the oven as chips with olive oil, salt & pepper. Serve with a dip of guacamole. | Excellent source of vitamins A, B6, and C, iron, fiber, and potassium. Plus, just 1 cup of sweet potato contains four times the recommended daily allowance of beta-carotene! |
| Tomatoes | Unwashed loose or in breathable bag | Cool, dark place (if ripe) | 2-3 days | When it comes to fresh tomatoes, you gotta eat them raw. Slice and top with a drizzle of olive oil, salt, and pepper and serve on sliced bread topped with avocado. For overripe tomatoes, use in tomato pie, salsa, or gazpacho. | Major dietary source of the antioxidant lycopene and a great source of vitamin C, potassium, folate and vitamin K |
| Turnips (purple top and salad) | Cut greens off (leaving ½" connected to the root) and store greens/roots separately in breathable bags | Refrigerator drawer | | Try sauteeing the greens with garlic and butter! The roots are delicious any way you prep them - thinly slice and eat raw OR boil with milk/cream and blend into a puree, or roast with olive oil, salt, and pepper. | High in fiber and nitrates, helps to reduce blood pressure |
| Winter Squash | Loose | Cool, dark place if uncut. Once cut, wrap in plastic and keep in refrigerator. | 1-2 months | Cut butternut into large chunks and bake with butter, cinnamon, and honey. Skin is easy to remove after baking. | Source of vitamins A and C, fiber and potassium |